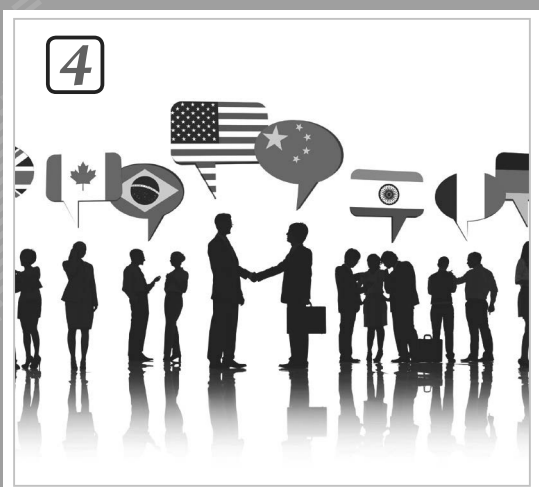




# LANGUAGE USE

**GIVE IT A TRY** Listen and number the pictures.



Listen again. Then number and fill in the blanks.

### Word Box

standard language / different countries /  
Face to face / real life situations / as tough as /  
widely available / connect people / find success /  
moving your hand / good resources /  
more opportunities / hundreds of millions

- ③ In real life situations, remembering English you've learned can be difficult. Ordering dinner at a restaurant might be as tough as a final exam.
- ① Even though these women are from different countries, they use English to work together. It's very easy for international students to find success with English.
- ⑤ Books are good resources to start learning English, but they don't replace talking to someone. Face to face interactions are more helpful in the long run.
- ④ Learning English can help you meet more people. English gives you more opportunities to use a language that hundreds of millions of people know.
- ⑥ In media, English is widely available through shows, movies, music, and games. Accessing this information is as easy as moving your hand.
- ② English is the standard language used at airports all over the world. It helps connect people from different countries.

### SPEAK UP

Answer the questions.

1. What different English accents do you know?
2. What accent do you think is the best one? Why?
3. What is the most difficult part of listening to different accents?
4. What accent is the easiest to understand?
5. How does vocabulary change between accents?

UNIT  
4

### MORE TO LEARN

Country	Language
America	American English
England	British English
Korea	Korean
Japan	Japanese
China	Chinese
Thailand	Thai
Spain	Spanish
Italy	Italian
France	French
Germany	German
Greece	Greek
Brazil	Portuguese
Canada	English / French
Egypt	Egyptian



## Does It Really Matter?

Karen: Hi, Ben, how was your visit to India?

Ben: It was so great that I wanted to stay there forever. The food, the sunshine, and the people were so nice! The best part was that I could **communicate**<sup>1</sup> with native people there in English.

Karen: Wow! Is English a common language in India?

Ben: Yes, English has been spoken there for years. They were **eager**<sup>2</sup> to practice their English with someone like me and they were also very friendly.

Karen: You were so lucky. You know what? Last year, I went to England, but I had an **awful**<sup>3</sup> time. I experienced language **discrimination**<sup>4</sup>.

Ben: How come? They also speak English, don't they? It should be easier to communicate with them than with Indians in English.

Karen: I assumed that. However, one day when I asked an old man for directions, he **refused**<sup>5</sup> to answer me because of my **accent**<sup>6</sup>! He said he only talks to people who have an authentic British accent.

Ben: If I were you, I would be very angry.

Karen: Indeed, that was why I had an awful time there. I respect the tiny **linguistic**<sup>7</sup> differences between two cultures, but that man did not. I was so angry that I wanted to beat him up at the moment, though I didn't. He was such a bad guy that I never wanted to see him again.

Ben: I'm glad you didn't beat him up. Five years ago, when I went to the UK, people were very nice to me, even though I didn't speak their language. But with my smiles and **gestures**<sup>8</sup>, I still managed to have a great time.

Karen: Smiling is always the best **policy**<sup>9</sup>.



## Language Notes

Synonym: ✓

1. **communicate** [kəˈmjʊnəˌket] *v.*  
It's often difficult to communicate using your second language.
2. **eager** [iˈɡə] *adj.*  
I was eager to get back to work as soon as possible.
3. **awful** [ˈɔːfʊl] *adj.* ✓ *very bad*  
There was an awful smell coming from the basement.
4. **discrimination** [dɪˈskrɪmənˈeɪʃən] *n.*  
Racial discrimination is still a problem in the US.
- \* 5. **refuse** [rɪˈfjuːz] *v.*  
Mom refused to go back to the hospital.
6. **accent** [ˈæksənt] *n.*  
Women loved his Italian accent.
7. **linguistic** [lɪŋˈɡwɪstɪk] *adj.*  
If something is linguistic, it's related to language, words or speech.
- \* 8. **gesture** [dʒɛstʃə] *n.*  
Luke raised his hands in a gesture of despair.
9. **policy** [ˈpɒləsi] *n.*  
It's our policy to ask for ID when someone uses a credit card.

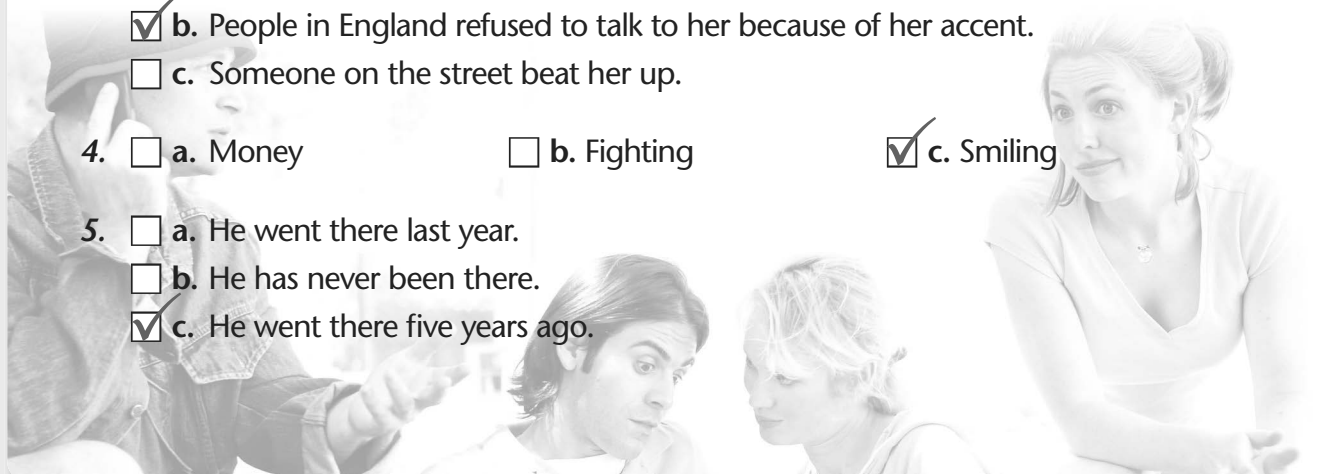
\* Represents GEPT elementary vocabulary

## UNIT 4

### CONVERSATION REVIEW

Listen and check the correct answer.  MP3 / 29

1. ☐ a. Because they didn't have discrimination there  
☐ b. Because everyone always smiled at him  
☒ c. Because the food, the weather, and the locals were so nice
2. ☒ a. Yes, English is a common language in India.  
☐ b. Yes, but people usually smile instead.  
☐ c. Yes, but only a few people can speak English.
3. ☐ a. A thief stole her money, passport, and even her dictionary.  
☒ b. People in England refused to talk to her because of her accent.  
☐ c. Someone on the street beat her up.
4. ☐ a. Money ☐ b. Fighting ☒ c. Smiling
5. ☐ a. He went there last year.  
☐ b. He has never been there.  
☒ c. He went there five years ago.





## SO ... THAT / SUCH ... THAT

Using "so" emphasizes an adjective or an adverb that results in something else happening.

**S. + be V. + so + Adj. + that + S. + V.**

The country	was	so	beautiful	that	I	wanted to stay.
I	am		angry		my face	is turning red.
Edward	can be		quiet		we	think he has left.

**S. + V. + so + Adv. + that + S. + V.**

Zena	had sung songs	so	well	that	the audience	started crying.
Ian and Vicky	did homework		poorly		they	failed the test.
Penny	dances		beautifully		her family	feels proud.

**A** Circle the correct answer.

- It was so (cold / coldly) outside that I didn't want to leave the house this morning.
- Eric talks so (rude / rudely) that everyone hates working with him.
- Lady Gaga has been so (famously / famous) that many people know her songs.
- The family in that house was so (poorly / poor) that they couldn't afford to buy new clothes.
- It had snowed so (hardly / hard) that all the schools in the city closed.

**B** Combine the sentences.

- Sarah and her sister will be happy. They might scream and jump.

Sarah and her sister will be so happy that they might scream and jump.

- Joe plays the guitar well. His friends like to watch him.

Joe plays the guitar so well that his friends like to watch him.

- Kevin ran slowly. People who walk are faster than him.

Kevin ran so slowly that people who walk are faster than him.

- The teacher was angry. She told Wally to leave the classroom.

The teacher was so angry that she told Wally to leave the classroom.

- David likes to sleep late. He wakes up after lunch.

David likes to sleep so late that he wakes up after lunch.

"Such" is used to describe a noun clause and its respective result.

**S. + be V. + such + a/an + Adj. + N. + that + S. + V.**

Cherry	has been	such	a	friendly	person	that	everyone	likes her.
Rupert	is			kind	dog		children	always play with him.
It	was			cloudy	night		we	couldn't see anything.
Today	will be		an	amazing	day		I	can't complain.

**A** Fill in the blank using "so" or "such".

- Bob can be such a talented athlete that he would win the game for the team.
- The pie was such a delicious dessert that I want to eat another one.
- Cindy's picture is so funny that her brother wants to show it to everyone.
- The ice is such a dangerous problem that Matt doesn't want to drive anymore.
- Titanic* was such a long movie that my little brother fell asleep.

**B** Unscramble the sentences.

- he / sick / got / that / Ryan / cookies / ate / fast / so  
Ryan ate cookies so fast that he got sick.
- and / so / sit / were / down / nervous / couldn't / I / Gina / we / that  
Gina and I were so nervous that we couldn't sit down.
- that / it / It / can't / a / carry / heavy / is / box / such / Walter  
It is such a heavy box that Walter can't carry it.
- asleep / tired / fell / car / The / in / children / the / were / that / so / they  
The children were so tired that they fell asleep in the car.
- angry / His / that / him / father / friends / his / such / is / are / person / scared / an / of  
His father is such an angry person that his friends are scared of him.



# LISTENING TEST

**I 聽力測驗：看圖辨義** MP3 / 30  
請聽題目及三個選項，選出與圖案最相符的答案。

1. ☒ A  
☐ B  
☐ C



3. ☒ A  
☐ B  
☐ C



2. ☐ A  
☐ B  
☒ C



4. ☐ A  
☐ B  
☒ C



**II 聽力測驗：問答** MP3 / 31  
請聽問題，再從三個選項中選出一個最適合的答案。

1.   B      Ⓐ You can buy them at that store.                      Ⓑ Wow! You must feel hungry then.  
                  Ⓒ No, sorry. I don't have any.
2.   B      Ⓐ Yes, she's good at speaking in public.  
                  Ⓑ Yeah, she loves different languages.  
                  Ⓒ I know. She wants to be a dentist.
3.   C      Ⓐ Yeah, she's always on a diet.                              Ⓑ She often shows up late.  
                  Ⓒ She does have a lot of energy.
4.   A      Ⓐ Yes, they were grown right down the road.  
                  Ⓑ Yes, they are very sweet.  
                  Ⓒ Sorry, they're not on sale.
5.   C      Ⓐ Yes, it's a beautiful place.                                      Ⓑ I wish I worked there, too.  
                  Ⓒ Yeah, I like the way he talks.
6.   C      Ⓐ They have at least two major cities, Shanghai and Beijing.  
                  Ⓑ I can't help you. I don't really cook Chinese food.  
                  Ⓒ Their language is really complicated, so I'm not sure.



### 聽力測驗：簡短對話

MP3 / 32

請聽一段對話和一個相關的問題後，再從三個選項中選出一個最適合的答案。

1. C    **A** Understanding people    **B** Writing sentences    **C** Saying the words
2. A    **A** He won't be allowed in the restaurant.  
**B** He will be laughed at when he arrives.  
**C** He will have to wait longer for a table.
3. B    **A** There are too many students in his class.  
**B** There are informal words he doesn't understand.  
**C** The teacher assigns too much homework.
4. B    **A** He thinks she is beautiful.                      **B** He is a little scared of her.  
**C** He thinks she makes fun of him.
5. A    **A** She doesn't agree with her company's rules.  
**B** She doesn't like the position she has.  
**C** She doesn't get along with her boss.
6. B    **A** He is good with people.                      **B** He has enough education for the job.  
**C** He has strong leadership skills.


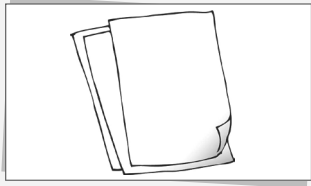
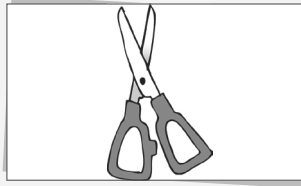






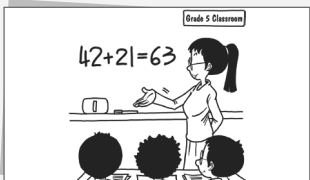


UNIT  
4



### 聽力測驗：短文聽解

MP3 / 33

每題有三個圖片選項，請聽題目，並選出一個最適當的圖片。

1. ☒ A  ☐ B  ☐ C 
2. ☐ A  ☒ B  ☐ C 
3. ☒ A  ☐ B  ☐ C 
4. ☒ A  ☐ B  ☐ C 



# A Global Language



based on  
no matter

Over time  
comes to

It's true that  
global language

as

are used to

borrow from

Today, over 370 million people around the world speak English as their native language, and even more speak it as a foreign language. Indeed,

English is the one true global language. If you can speak English, you can **more or less**<sup>1</sup> **get by**<sup>2</sup> in just about any country in the world.

However, when traveling to an English-speaking country, you may discover that the people there speak an entirely different type of English from what you are used to. It's easy to be confused, but don't lose heart. Here is a brief explanation why this is.

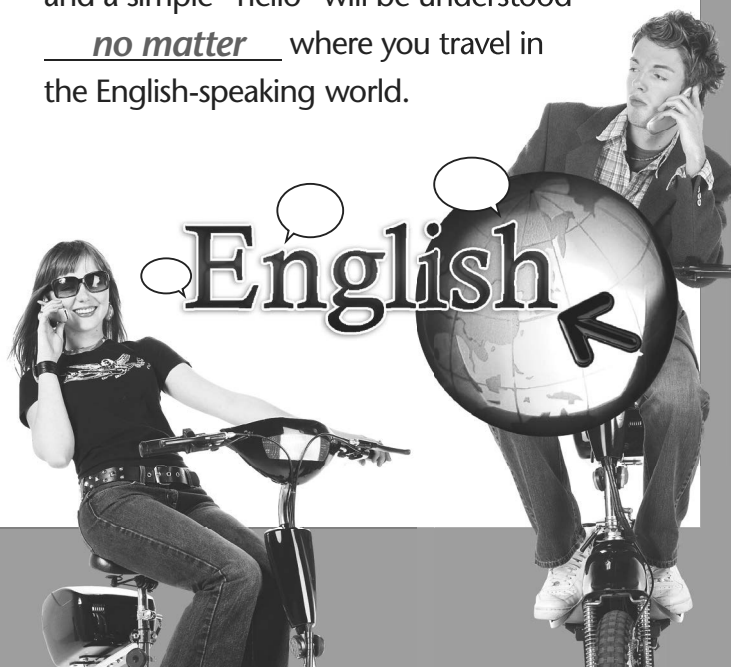
Over time, numerous English **dialects**<sup>3</sup> have developed around the world, from the United States to faraway New Zealand. These differences have been heavily **influenced**<sup>4</sup> by the other languages spoken in the **region**<sup>5</sup>, by **geographic**<sup>6</sup> **isolation**<sup>7</sup>, and by modern technology and lifestyles. And when it comes to the English **slang**<sup>8</sup> of a particular place, you **have no choice**<sup>9</sup> but to **consult**<sup>10</sup> a dictionary to understand what it means. If it makes you feel any better, native speakers sometimes need to do exactly the same thing!

The English spoken today has come a long way from the "Queen's English", or what the British consider to be proper.

American English prefers spellings

based on the simplest possible **pronunciation**<sup>11</sup> of words, so "centre" and "colour" in the UK are spelled "center" and "color" in the US. Word choice can differ as well. In the UK, people say "at the weekend" while Americans prefer "on the weekend". Canada, another English-speaking country, borrow from both British and American versions for its own English. The forms of English spoken in India, South Africa, the Caribbean, and Australia have their own stories.

It's true that all of these differences in English may be **intimidating**<sup>12</sup>, but remember: A smile and a simple "hello" will be understood no matter where you travel in the English-speaking world.



## Language Notes

Synonym: ❷

1. **more or less** *phr.* ❶ *about*  
There were 50 people there, more or less.
2. **get by** *phr.*  
Don't worry about me for lunch today; I will get by with the sandwich I brought from home.
3. **dialect** [ˈdaɪ.ə.lɛkt] *n.*  
Liz had trouble understanding the man's dialect because he was from the southern part of the country.
4. **influence** [ˈɪnfluəns] *v.*  
What influenced you to take up yoga?
5. **region** [ˈrɪdʒən] *n.* ❷ *area*  
I prefer to live in a cold region.
6. **geographic** [ˌdʒɪəˈɡræfɪk] *adj.*  
Because of its geographic isolation, the area developed its own culture.
7. **isolation** [ˌaɪsɪˈleɪʃən] *n.*  
The island's isolation has been a major factor in preserving its beauty.
8. **slang** [slæŋ] *n.*  
People use slang when they hang out with friends.
9. **have no choice** *phr.*  
We had no choice but to destroy the furniture.
10. **consult** [kənˈsʌlt] *v.* ❷ *discuss*  
I need to consult with my lawyer.
11. **pronunciation** [prəˈnʌnsɪˈeɪʃən] *n.*  
I know how to spell words, but I struggle with pronunciation.
12. **intimidating** [ɪnˈtɪməˌdeɪtɪŋ] *adj.*  
Her boss always seems angry and is very intimidating.

## UNIT 4

### READING REVIEW

Check the correct answer.

1. How many people around the world speak English as their first language?  
☒ a. Over 370 million                      ☐ b. Less than 37 million  
☐ c. About 3.7 million                      ☐ d. Over 3.7 billion
2. According to the article, English has been heavily influenced by \_\_\_\_\_.  
☐ a. economic growth                      ☐ b. government policy  
☒ c. geographic isolation                      ☐ d. modern art
3. British people feel that the \_\_\_\_\_ is the correct way to speak.  
☐ a. King's English                      ☒ b. Queen's English  
☐ c. Knight's English                      ☐ d. Royal's English
4. In the UK, people say "\_\_\_\_\_".  
☒ a. at the weekend                      ☐ b. on the weekend  
☐ c. in the weekend                      ☐ d. of the weekend
5. Which statement is NOT true?  
☐ a. These differences in English can be intimidating.  
☒ b. A particular place's slang is easy to understand.  
☐ c. English is the one true global language.  
☐ d. A smile will be simply understood no matter where you travel in the world.



## EXTENSION LEARNING

### American English

apartment

candy

closet

cookie

elevator

eraser

faucet

first floor

flashlight

French fries

potato chips

truck

### British English

flat

sweets

wardrobe

biscuit

lift

rubber

tap

ground floor

torch

chips

crisps

lorry

### Examples:

#### AE

My *apartment* is messy. *Candy* and *cookies* are everywhere on the floor. The *faucet* is broken. Water keeps leaking from the ceiling. I can't stand it anymore, so I'm leaving my *apartment* for a while.



#### BE

My *flat* is messy. *Sweets* and *biscuits* are everywhere on the floor. The *tap* is broken. Water keeps leaking from the ceiling. I can't stand it anymore, so I'm leaving my *flat* for a while.



### GIVE IT A TRY

Use the AE / BE chart. Write two short paragraphs like the examples above and compare them with what your classmates have written.  
(Answers will vary.)

#### American English

John Smith is scared of elevators, but  
he has to take one every day when  
he goes to class. While he is waiting  
on the first floor, his classmate, Jane,  
drops an eraser. He picks it up for her.  
They start talking and then decide to  
have lunch together. "What do you  
like?" asks John. Jane says, "I love  
potatoes! French fries and potato  
chips are both amazing!"

#### British English

John Smith is scared of lifts, but he  
has to take one every day when he  
goes to class. While he is waiting  
on the ground floor, his classmate,  
Jane, drops a rubber. He picks it  
up for her. They start talking and  
then decide to have lunch together.  
"What do you like?" asks John. Jane  
says, "I love potatoes! Chips and  
crisps are both amazing!"



# I 閱讀能力測驗：詞彙與結構

請依照題意選出最適合的答案。

<p><u>B</u> 1. The _____ spoken in China is different from Taiwan.</p> <p>Ⓐ service      Ⓑ dialect Ⓒ spirit      Ⓓ diet</p>	<p><u>B</u> 5. Tom had such a strong _____ that no one could understand him.</p> <p>Ⓐ growth      Ⓑ accent Ⓒ breath      Ⓓ contract</p>
<p><u>B</u> 2. After Jill _____ city life, she didn't want to move back to the country.</p> <p>Ⓐ experimented Ⓑ experienced Ⓒ appeared      Ⓓ advised</p>	<p><u>B</u> 6. Ted has a private tutor to help him with his Chinese _____.</p> <p>Ⓐ movements      Ⓑ pronunciation Ⓒ pollution      Ⓓ population</p>
<p><u>B</u> 3. Ben's older brother _____ him in many ways as he grew up.</p> <p>Ⓐ completed      Ⓑ influenced Ⓒ revised      Ⓓ arranged</p>	<p><u>D</u> 7. English _____ is often difficult for foreigners to understand.</p> <p>Ⓐ mood      Ⓑ pollution Ⓒ passion      Ⓓ slang</p>
<p><u>A</u> 4. I stay away from people that _____ me.</p> <p>Ⓐ intimidate      Ⓑ comment Ⓒ divide      Ⓓ protect</p>	<p><u>A</u> 8. Because of its geographical _____, the area developed its own unique culture.</p> <p>Ⓐ isolation      Ⓑ system Ⓒ income      Ⓓ habit</p>

# II 閱讀能力測驗：克漏字填空

請從四個選項中選出一個最適合的字詞填入空格中。

Wanda is talking to Cliff about his trip to India. Cliff says he wanted to stay there ①. He thinks the best part is being able to ② with the native people in English. Cliff explains that English has been spoken there for years and the local people were ③ to use it. Wanda says how lucky he was to have such a wonderful vacation and then talks about her trip to England. Wanda's trip was ④ compared to Cliff's. She experienced language ⑤. After discussing both of their trips, they agree that smiling is the best ⑥ no matter where you go.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <u>A</u> 1. Ⓐ forever      Ⓑ one time<br>Ⓒ before      Ⓓ seldom  | <u>B</u> 4. Ⓐ glad      Ⓑ awful<br>Ⓒ usual      Ⓓ similar                   |
| <u>C</u> 2. Ⓐ struggle      Ⓑ vote<br>Ⓒ communicate      Ⓓ sweep | <u>A</u> 5. Ⓐ discrimination      Ⓑ tradition<br>Ⓒ population      Ⓓ poison |
| <u>C</u> 3. Ⓐ welcome      Ⓑ helpful<br>Ⓒ eager      Ⓓ popular   | <u>B</u> 6. Ⓐ sense      Ⓑ policy<br>Ⓒ scenery      Ⓓ trouble               |



閱讀能力測驗：閱讀理解  
請依照文意選出最適合的答案。

**A** Today, over 370 million people around the world speak English as their native language. Even more speak it as a foreign language. Indeed, English is the one true global language. If you can speak English, you can get by in almost any country. The differences in dialects are influenced by other languages practiced in the area, modern technology, and lifestyles. Don't worry if you need to consult a dictionary to understand English slang. Native speakers sometimes do the same thing! Although speaking with a native English speaker may be intimidating, remember to start the conversation with a nice smile and a simple "hello!"

- C     1. What is the main theme of the passage?
- Ⓐ Slang as a global language                      Ⓑ The differences among English dialects  
Ⓒ English as a global language                   Ⓓ Technology's influences on language
- A     2. What does it mean if something is "intimidating"?
- Ⓐ It makes you feel worried and not confident.  
Ⓑ It makes you feel bored.  
Ⓒ It makes you feel offended.  
Ⓓ It makes you feel interested but challenged.
- D     3. Which statement is NOT true according to the passage?
- Ⓐ Today, English is spoken in almost every country.  
Ⓑ Almost four hundred million people speak English natively.  
Ⓒ Dialects of English vary from place to place.  
Ⓓ Slang is easy to pick up in every country.

**B**

Robert Banks  
1600 Pennsylvania Ave.  
Washington D.C. 20500  
(808) 555-1015  
robert\_banks@cybermail.com

Work Experience

D.C. Police Department—Detective  
June 1990—Present

Education

John Jay College—Bachelor of Laws  
Sept. 1986—May 1990

Special Skills

Languages Spoken: Spanish, Arabic  
Proficient in karate and judo

- B     1. Where does Robert work now?
- Ⓐ He works at a company.  
Ⓑ He works for the government.  
Ⓒ He works at a school.  
Ⓓ He works for his own business.
- A     2. What special skills does Robert have?
- Ⓐ He is good at sports.  
Ⓑ He can climb mountains.  
Ⓒ He can speak Chinese.  
Ⓓ He can play the guitar.



### 寫作能力測驗：單句寫作

請將標準答案完整地寫出，包括提示之文字及標點符號。



**句子改寫** 請依題目之提示，將原句改寫成指定型式，並將改寫的句子完整地寫出。

1. The movie was very funny, so I watched it three times. (用so... that改寫)

*The movie was so funny that I watched it three times.*

2. His feet are very big, so he has to buy special shoes. (用such... that改寫)

*He has such big feet that he has to buy special shoes.*



**句子合併** 請依照題目指示，將兩句合併成一句，並將合併的句子完整地寫出。

1. Skiing is a good experience.

I decided to do it again. (用such... that合併)

*Skiing is such a good experience that I decided to do it again.*

2. The sweater was very big.

It touched her knees. (用so... that合併)

*The sweater was so big that it touched her knees.*



**重組** 請將題目中所有提示字詞整合成一句有意義的句子，並將重組的句子完整地寫出。

1. *It was such a great book that I burned the midnight oil to read it.*

great / that / midnight / it / such / read / I / burned / the / oil / book / It / was / to / a

2. *The restaurant has such good food that it's always full of people.*

restaurant / food / always / that / of / has / good / it's / The / people / full / such



### 寫作能力測驗：段落寫作

題目：期待了好久，排隊排了一個小時，Sam 終於親眼目睹喜愛的作家 Agatha Casey，並拿到了她的簽名，還和她一起合照。請根據這些圖片寫一篇約 50 字的記敘短文。



*Sample Answer:*

*Sam can't stop reading his favorite mystery novel by Agatha Casey.*

*Last Saturday, he went to the local bookstore to see her. He had to wait in*

*line for one hour, but it was worth it. She signed his book and then he took*

*a picture with her. Sam will never forget that day.*